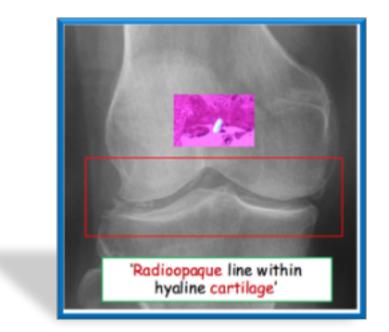
<u>Podcast (Video Recorded Lecture Series)</u>: Pseudogout for the USMLE Step One Exam



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Podcast (Video Recorded Lecture Series): Pseudogout for the USMLE Step One Exam



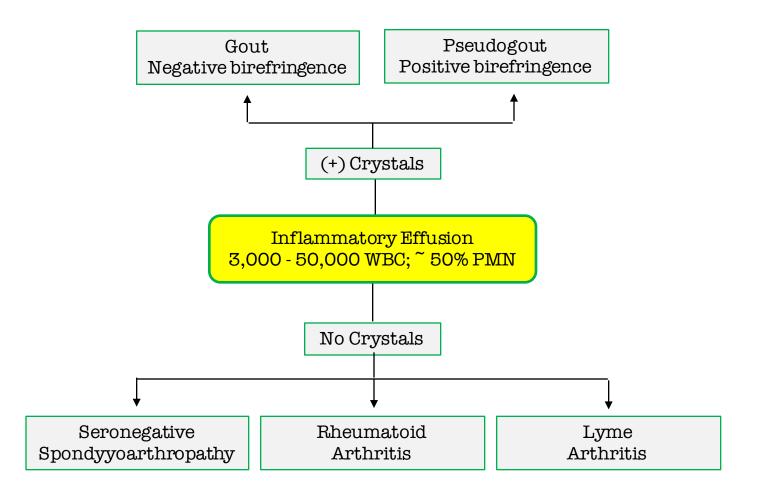




Tutorial Services

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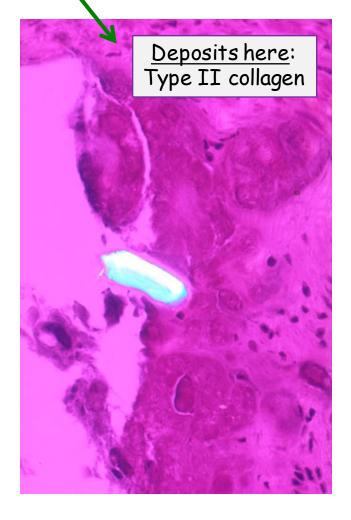
	Volume (mL)	Viscosity	Clarity	Color	WBC/mm ³
Normal	< 3.5	High	Clear	Colorless/ Straw	< 150
Noninflammatory:OA/Trauma					< 3000
Inflammatory	> 3.5	Low	Cloudy	Yellow	> 3000
Septic (purulent)	>3.5	Mixed	Opaque	Mixed	> 50,000
Hemorrhagic	> 3.5	Low	Mixed	Red	Similar to blood level



Pathology: Pseudogout, Chondrocalcinosis

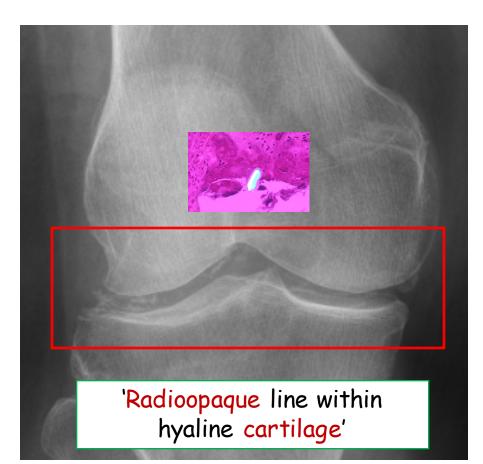
(CPPD: calcium pyrophosphate deposition disease)

- Background:
 - Acute mono or polyarticular arthritis; recurrent episodes; knee/wrist most common.
 - As name implies, deposited in cartilage; synovium less common.
- Pathology/Pathogenesis:
 - Deposition of calcium pyrophosphate (rhomboid crystals) in tissues/cartilage
- Etiology:
 - Association with thyroid, HH, PTH



Pathology, Pseudogout, Chondrocalcinosis

(CPPD: calcium pyrophosphate deposition disease)



- Presentation:
 - Acute arthritis or discovered on radiograph

Pathology, Pseudogout, Chondrocalcinosis (CPPD: calcium pyrophosphate deposition disease)



Acute Rx: same as gout Prevention: colchicine (only rx)

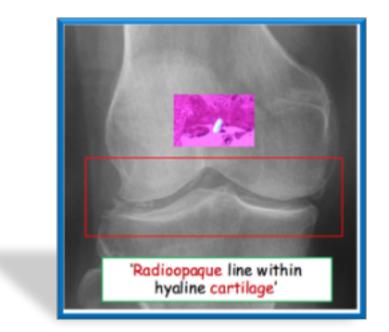
• Presentation:

 Acute arthritis or discovered on radiograph (what to do?)

• Diagnosis:

- Synovial fluid analysis
 - Inflammatory, <u>no BUGS</u>,
 (+) rhomboid crystals
 - Crystal is BLUE (positive birefringence w/ polarizing lens)
- Related topic(s):
 - 'Pseudo-RA' (joint involvement)
 - No Tophi

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