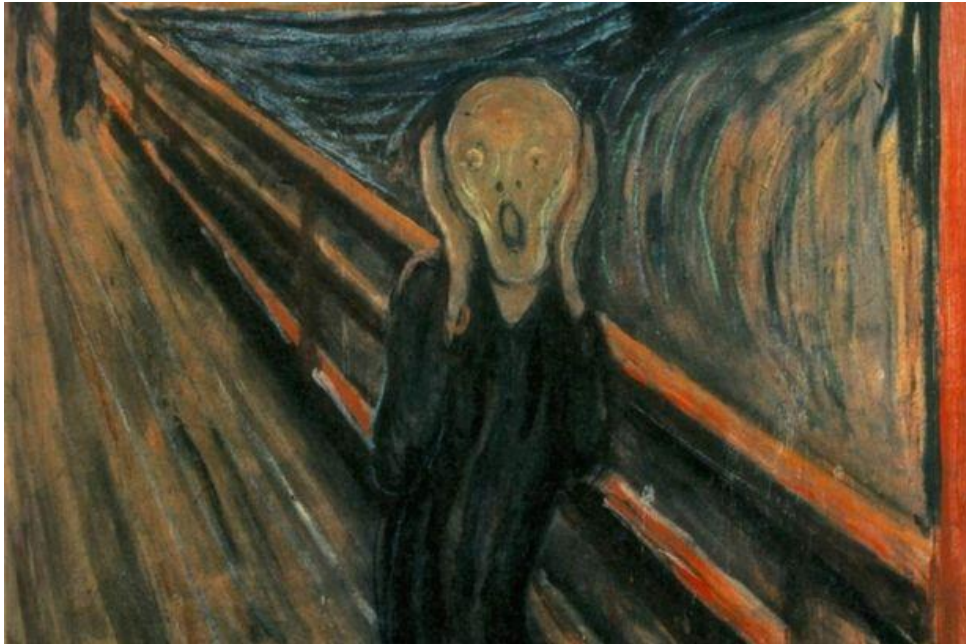


BIOCHEMISTRY PATHWAY SERIES FOR STEP ONE

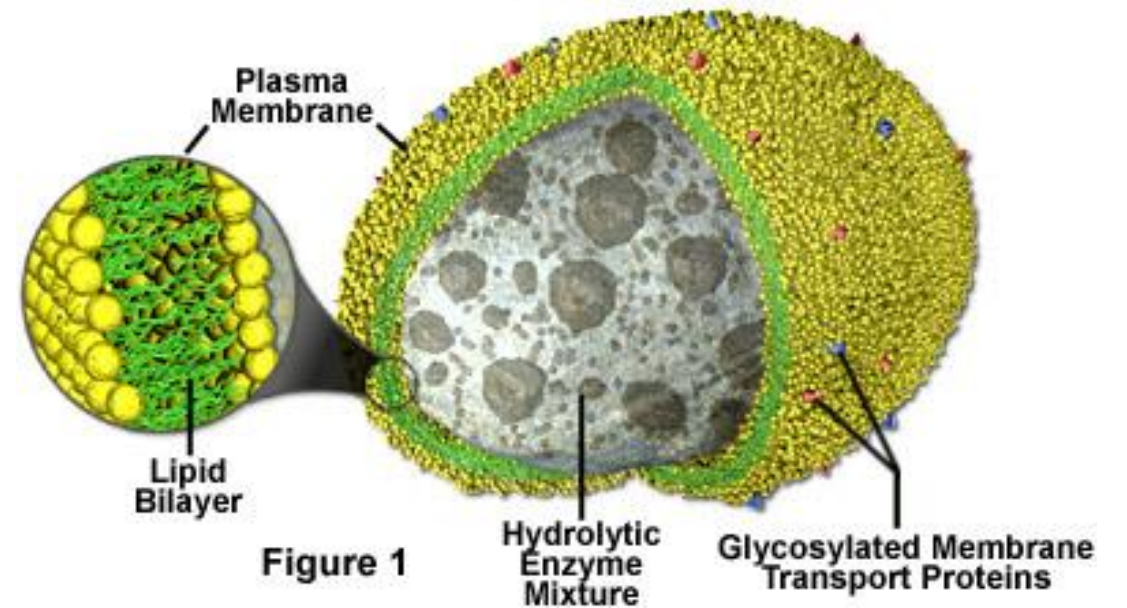
David Toomey, Section Editor
Biochemistry
UMass Medical School; Class of 2018

www.12DaysinMarch.com
(email: Howard@12daysinmarch.com)

LYSOSOMAL STORAGE DISORDERS



Anatomy of the Lysosome

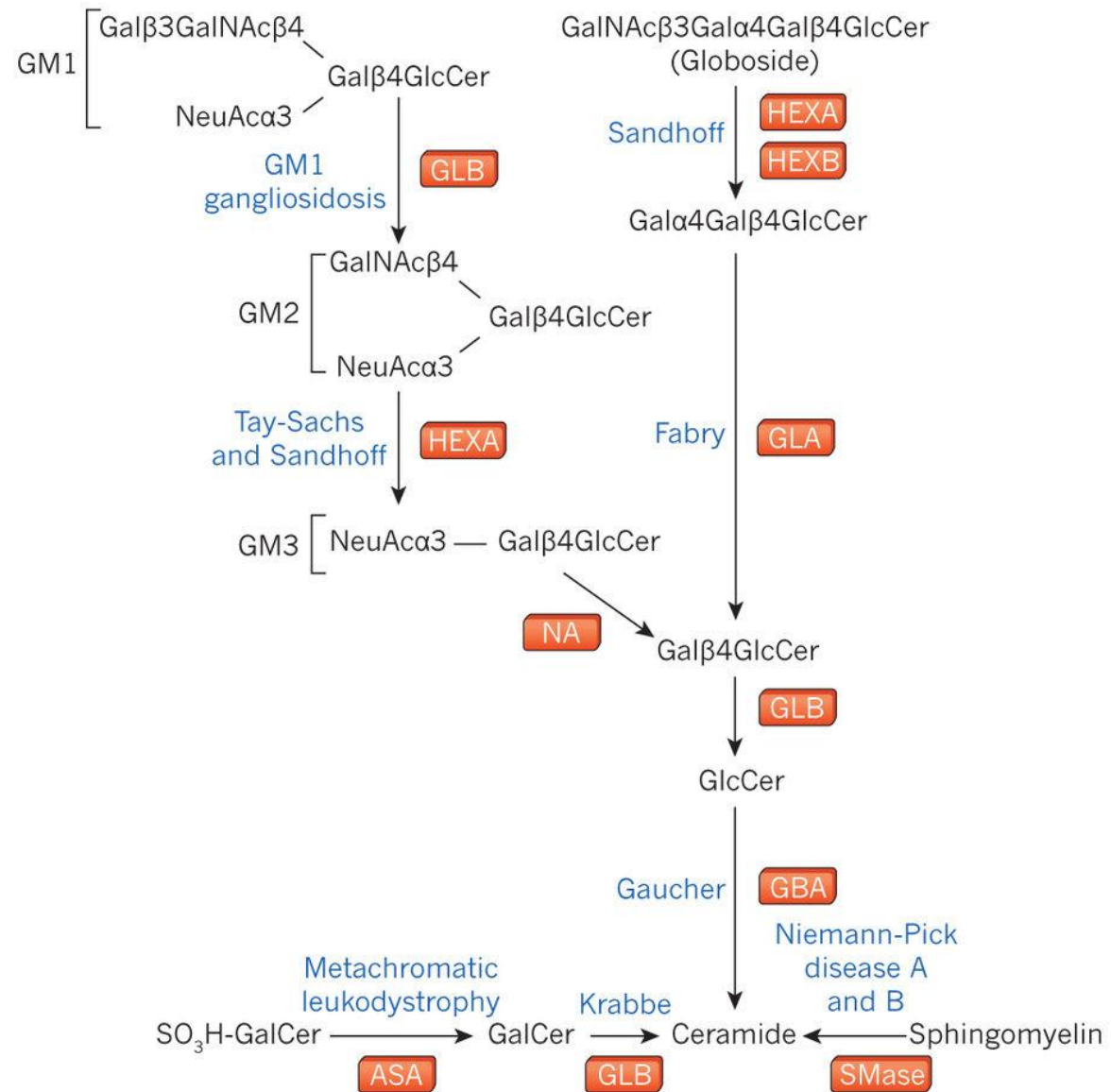


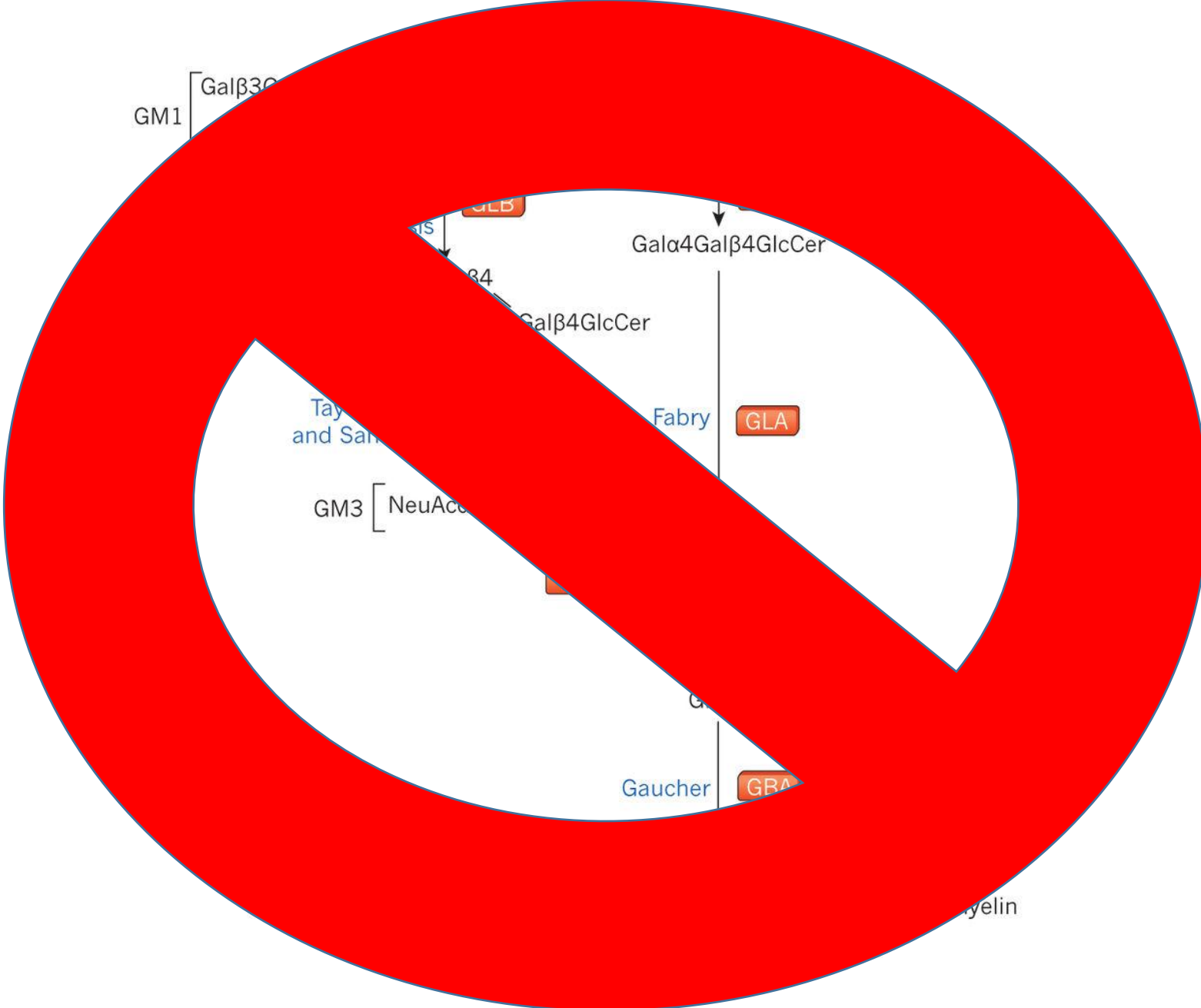
For each pathway:

- Where do we start?
- Where do we end?
- What are the goals of the pathway?
- What key enzymes will get us from start to end, and what do they need to function?
- Key disorders related to these pathways
- How do they all come together?
- Summary: Special notes/therapeutics/key derivatives?

For each pathway

- Where do they occur?
- Where do they occur?
- What are the steps of the pathway?
- What key enzymes will get us to the end, and why do they need to function?
- Key disorders related to these pathways
- How do they relate to each other?
- Summary: Specific questions?





Fabry Disease

- Peripheral Neuropathy
- Heart Disease
- Renal Disease
- Alpha-galactosidase A
- XR

Gaucher Disease

- BONE ISSUES
- Hepatosplenomegaly
- Gaucher cells
- Glucocerebrosidase
- AR

Niemann-Pick

- Hepatosplenomegaly
- Neurodegeneration
- Foam Cells
- Cherry red macula
- Sphingomyelinase
- AR

Metachromatic Leukodystrophy

- Ataxia
- Dementia
- Demyelination
- Arylsulfatase A
- AR

Krabbe Disease

- Peripheral Neuropathy
- Developmental Delay
- Optic Atrophy
- Globoid cells
- Galactocerebrosidase
- AR

Tay Sachs Disease

- Neurodegeneration
- Cherry red macula
- Onion Skinning of lysosomes
- Hexosaminidase A
- AR

Fabry Disease

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- **Dementia**
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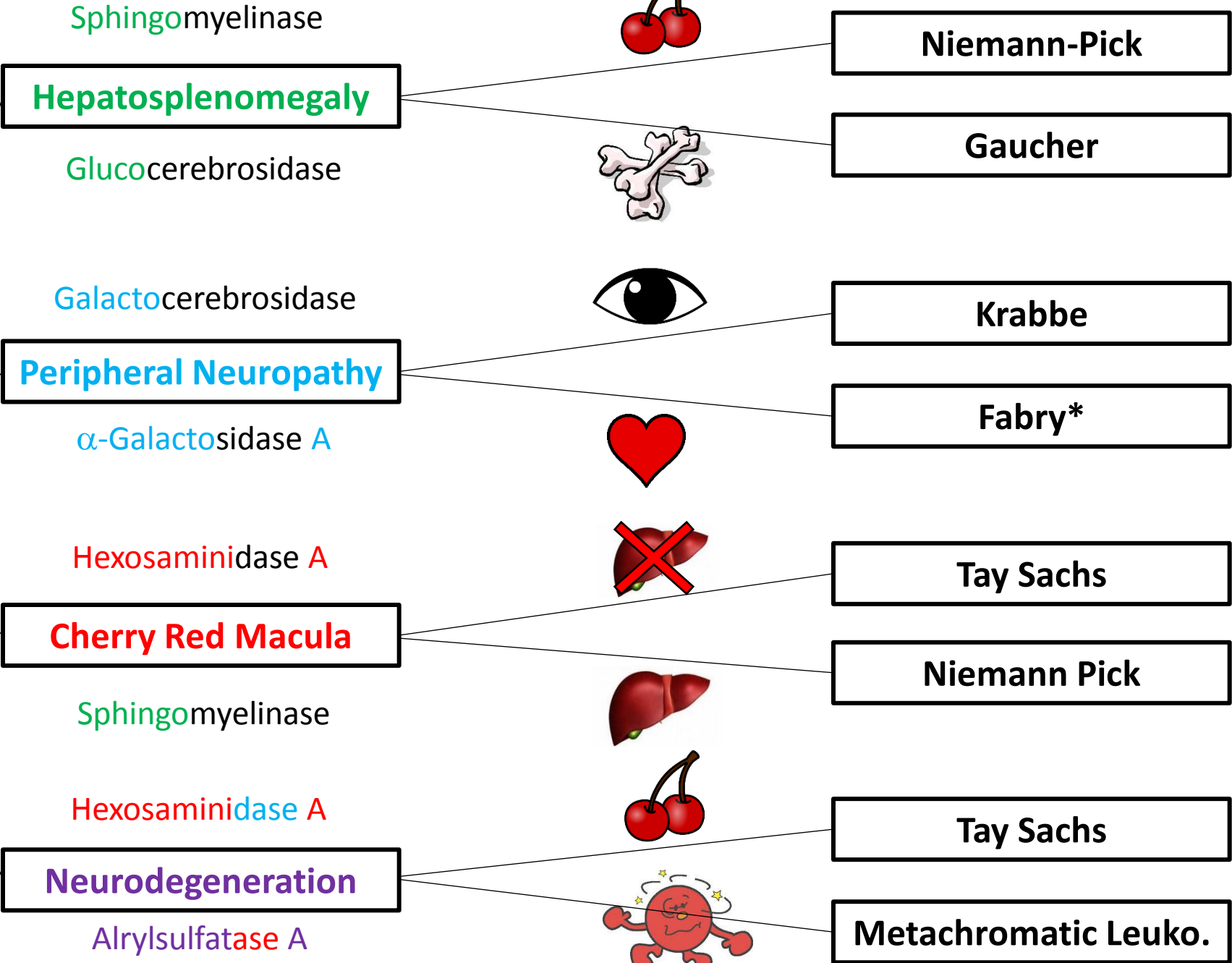
Krabbe Disease

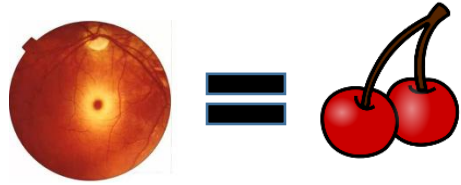
- **Peripheral Neuropathy**
- Developmental Delay
- Optic Atrophy
- Globoid cells
- Galactocerebrosidase
- AR

Tay Sachs Disease

- **Neurodegeneration**
- **Cherry red macula**
- Onion Skinning of lysosomes
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INFANT/CHILD
Born Healthy
Sx in first 1-2 years*
Typical Populations
? Consanguinity
? Lack of Screening

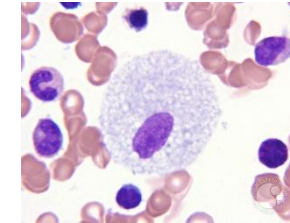




Cherry Red Macula

Niemann-Pick

- Neurodegeneration
- FOAM cells



- “No man **Picks** his nose with his **sphinger**” = Sphingomyelinase

Hepatosplenomegaly

- “Palpable abdominal mass” – They are talking about HSM!
- “Abdominal exam unremarkable” – look elsewhere!



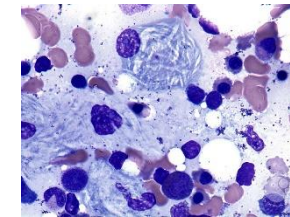
Bone Issues:

- Osteoporosis
- Aseptic necrosis of femur
- Bone Crisis

Gaucher

Most common

- TISSUE PAPER cells



- Use tissues for mucus, **muco** rhymes with **Glucocerebrosidase**

A 2 year old child of Ashkenazi Jewish ancestry presents to your clinic for evaluation. Recently immigrated from Eastern Europe and has had no prenatal screening. Has missed several developmental milestones. Abdominal exam is remarkable for a palpable mass in the RUQ. Ophthalmic examination is remarkable for a cherry-red macula. Accumulation of what substance is responsible for this patient's underlying condition?

- A) Glucocerebrosides
- B) Ganglioside GM-2
- C) Sphingomyelin
- D) Lupus

A 2 year old child of Ashkenazi Jewish ancestry presents to your clinic for evaluation. Recently immigrated from Eastern Europe and has had no prenatal screening. Has missed several developmental milestones. Abdominal exam is remarkable for a **palpable mass in the RUQ**. Ophthalmic examination is remarkable for a **cherry-red macula**. Accumulation of what substance is responsible for this patient's underlying condition?

- A) Glucocerebrosides (+) Gaucher: normal eyes, (+) bone, (+) tissue paper MΦ: (+) HSM
- B) Ganglioside GM-2 Accumulates in Tay-Sachs; (+) cherry macula, (-) HSM
- C) Sphingomyelin** Accumulates in Niemann-Pick (+) cherry macula, (+) HSM
- ~~D) Phospholipid~~

Peripheral Neuropathy

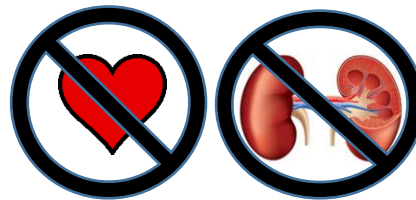
- Hard to describe in children
- “Minimal response to fingerprick”

Spasticity, OPTIC issues



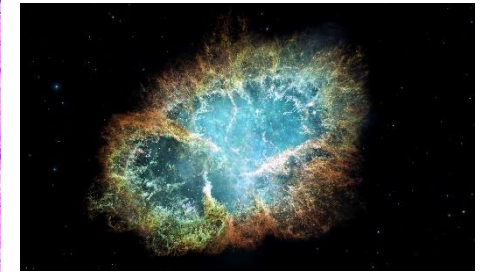
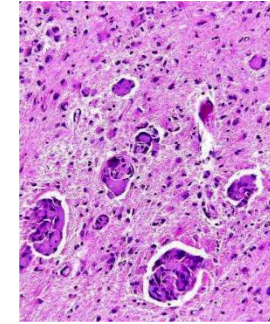
“GALACTO’s”

Cardiovascular and Renal Disease



Krabbe

- Can resemble Cerebral Palsy
- GLOBOID Cells



- Many **Globes** in the **Galaxy** of the **Krabbe** Nebula: galactocerebrosidase

Fabry

- Angiokeratomas
- **Trihexodase** accumulates → there are 3 parts to the name of the deficient enzyme: alpha-galactosidase-A

A 5 year old child presents to your clinic for followup. Has had limited contact with the medical system before coming under your care. Carries a diagnosis of cerebral palsy. Neurologic exam is remarkable for numbness in fingers and toes, as well as 20/40 vision bilaterally. What enzyme is likely deficient in this patient?

- A) Galactocerebrosidase
- B) Lysosomase
- C) Sphingomyelinase
- D) Arylsulfatase-A

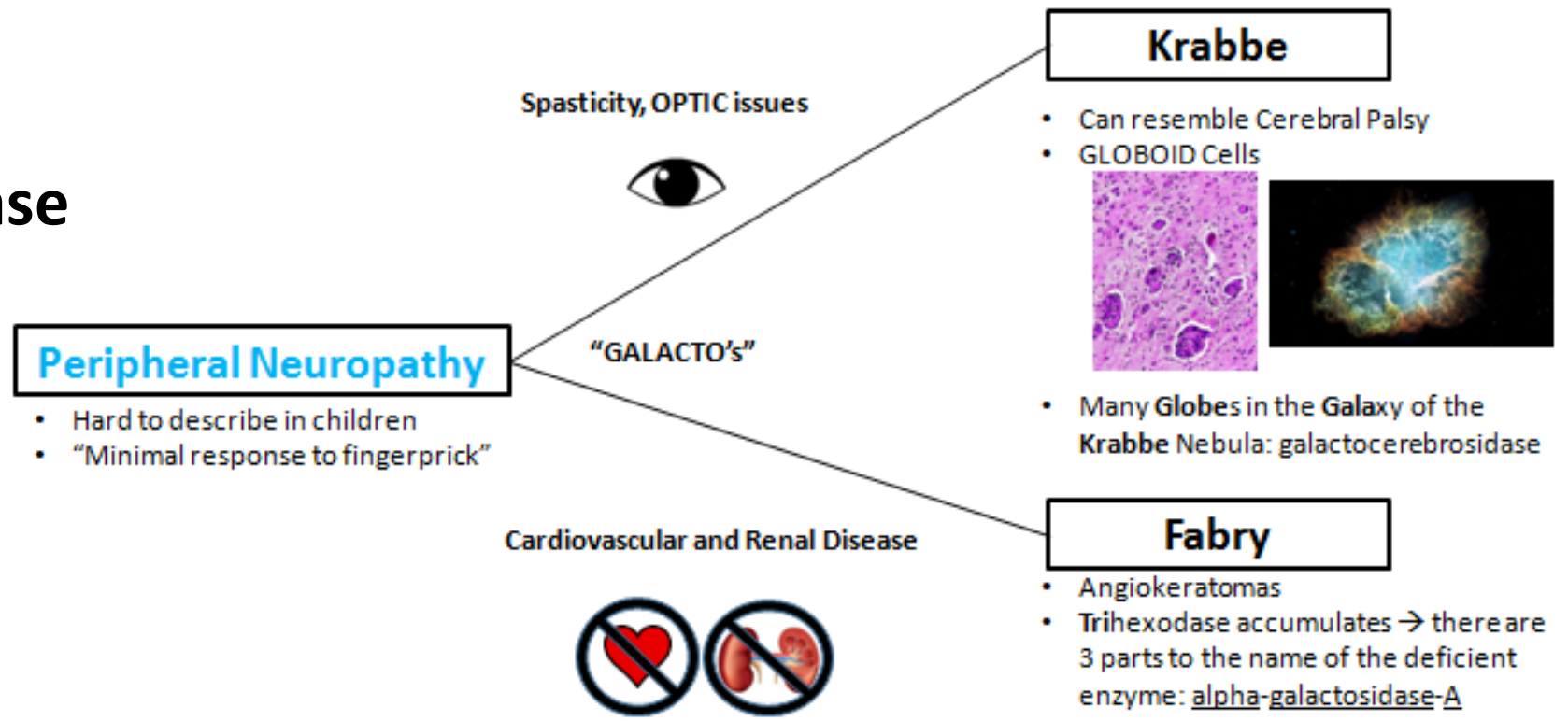
A 5 year old child presents to your clinic for followup. Has had limited contact with the medical system before coming under your care. Carries a diagnosis of **cerebral palsy**. Neurologic exam is remarkable for **numbness in fingers and toes**, as well as **20/40 vision bilaterally**. What enzyme is likely deficient in this patient?

A) **Galactocerebrosidase**

B) Lysosomase

C) Sphingomyelinase

D) Arylsulfatase-A



A 5 year old child presents to your clinic for followup. Has had limited contact with the medical system before coming under your care. Carries a diagnosis of **cerebral palsy**. Neurologic exam is remarkable for **numbness in fingers and toes**, as well as **20/40 vision bilaterally**. What enzyme is likely deficient in this patient?

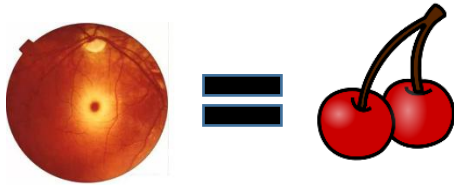
A) Galactocerebrosidase

B) Lysosomase

C) Sphingomyelinase (**Niemann Pick: HSM**, cherry red macula)

D) Arylsulfatase-A (**Metachromatic Leuko**: ataxia, sulfatides)

Cherry Red Macula

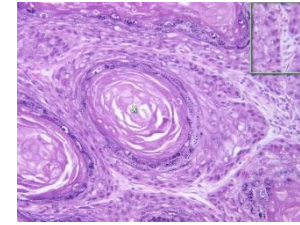


NO Hepatosplenomegaly



Tay Sachs

- Neurodegeneration, developmental delay
- ONION SKINNING



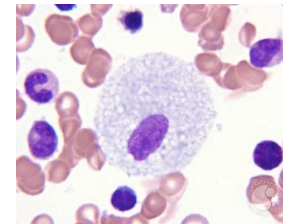
- Absent Hexosaminidase → accumulation of Ganglioside GM2

Hepatosplenomegaly
“palpable abdominal mass”



Niemann Pick

- Neurodegeneration
- FOAM cells



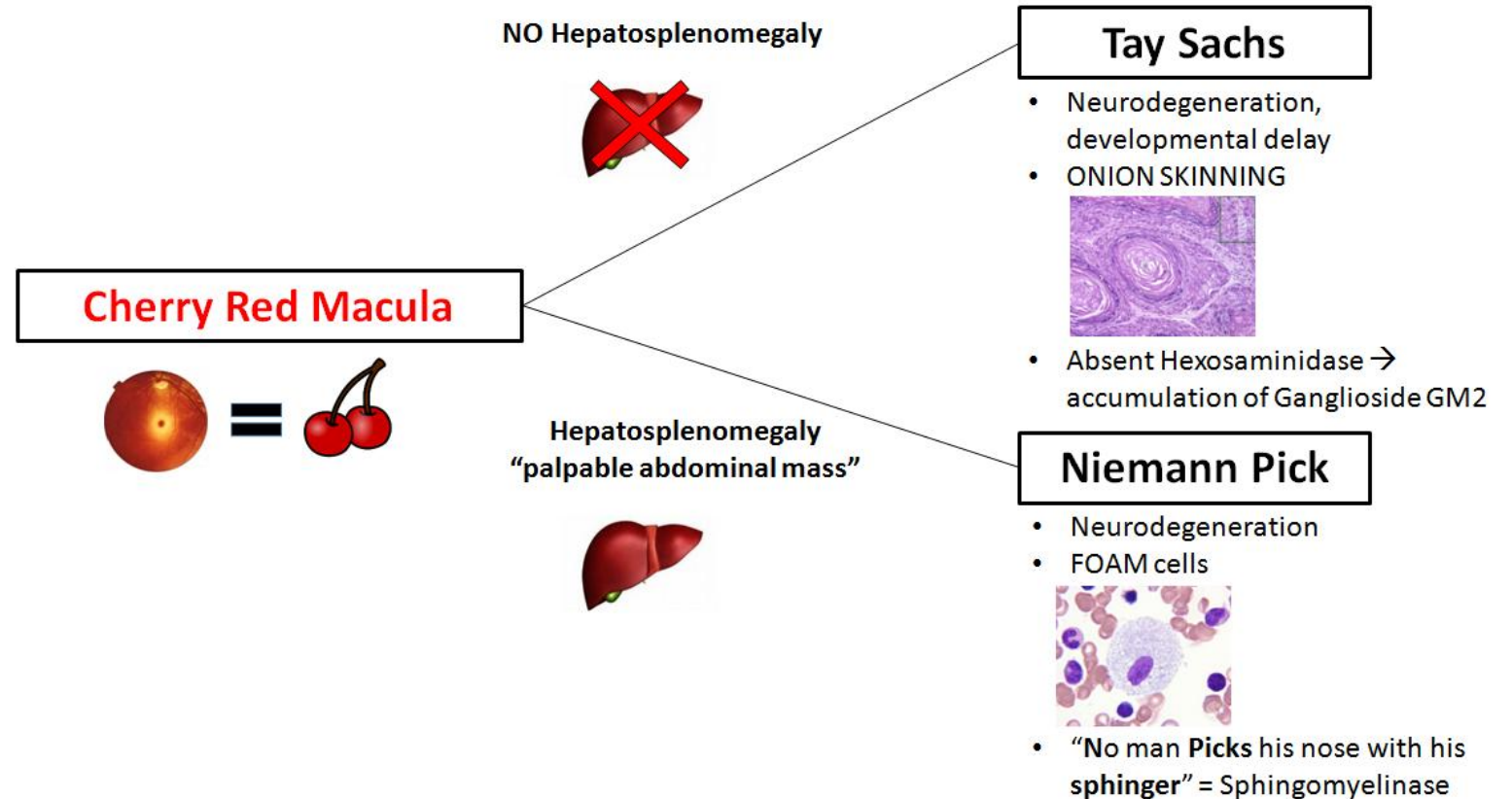
- “No man **Picks** his nose with his **sphinger**” = Sphingomyelinase

A 1 year old child presents to your clinic for initial exam. Recently immigrated from Belarus, has no medical records on file. Is globally delayed on developmental milestones. Ophthalmic exam is remarkable for a cherry red macula, abdominal exam is unremarkable. Pathologic specimens obtained are remarkable for 'onion skin' appearance of lysosomes. What enzyme is likely deficient in this patient?

- A) Galactocerebrosidase
- B) Lysosomase
- C) Sphingomyelinase
- D) Hexosaminidase

A 1 year old child presents to your clinic for initial exam. Recently immigrated from Belarus, has no medical records on file. Is globally delayed on developmental milestones. Ophthalmic exam is remarkable for a **cherry red macula**, **abdominal exam is unremarkable**. Pathologic specimens obtained are remarkable for 'onion skin' appearance of lysosomes. What enzyme is likely deficient in this patient?

- A) Galactocerebrosidase
- B) Lysosomase
- C) Sphingomyelinase
- D) Hexosaminidase**



Neurodegeneration

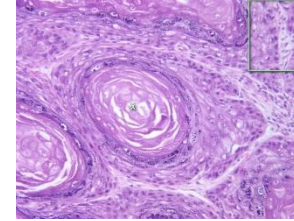
- Loss of developmental milestones
- Developmental delay

Cherry Red Macula



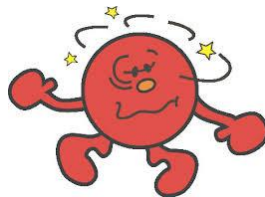
Tay Sachs

- No Hepatosplenomegaly!
- ONION SKINNING



- Absent Hexosaminidase → accumulation of Ganglioside GM2

Ataxia



Metachromatic Leukodystrophy

- Demyelination
- Dementia
- Absent Arylsulfatase A → accumulation of Sulfatides

A 4 year old child presents to your clinic for followup exam. Has regressed significantly on both physical and developmental milestones. Ophthalmic exam is unremarkable, and neurologic exam is significant for wide-based, unsteady gait. What pathologic process is likely contributing to this patient's presentation?

- A) Accumulation of gangliosides
- B) Failure of opsonization
- C) Demyelination with accumulation of Sulfatides
- D) Lead poisoning

A 4 year old child presents to your clinic for followup exam. Has regressed significantly on both physical and developmental milestones. Ophthalmic exam is unremarkable, and neurologic exam is significant for wide-based, unsteady gait. What pathologic process is likely contributing to this patient's presentation?

- A) Accumulation of gangliosides
- B) Failure of opsonization
- C) Demyelination with accumulation of Sulfatides**
- D) Lead poisoning

INFANT/CHILD
Born Healthy
Sx in first 1-2 years*
Typical Populations
? Consanguinity
? Lack of Screening

Hepatosplenomegaly



Niemann-Pick



Gaucher



Krabbe

Peripheral Neuropathy

Fabry*



Tay Sachs



Cherry Red Macula

Niemann Pick



Tay Sachs



Neurodegeneration

Metachromatic Leuko.



Fabry Disease

- **Peripheral Neuropathy**
- Heart Disease
- Renal Disease
- Alpha-galactosidase A
- XR

Gaucher Disease

- BONE ISSUES
- **Hepatosplenomegaly**
- Gaucher cells
- Glucocerebrosidase
- AR

Niemann-Pick

- **Hepatosplenomegaly**
- Neurodegeneration
- Foam Cells
- **Cherry red macula**
- Sphingomyelinase
- AR

Metachromatic Leukodystrophy

- **Ataxia**
- **Dementia**
- Demyelination
- Arylsulfatase A
- AR

Krabbe Disease

- **Peripheral Neuropathy**
- Developmental Delay
- Optic Atrophy
- Globoid cells
- Galactocerebrosidase
- AR

Tay Sachs Disease

- **Neurodegeneration**
- **Cherry red macula**
- Onion Skinning of lysosomes
- Hexosaminidase A
- AR

Sphingomyelinase → Sphingomyelin



Hepatosplenomegaly

Niemann-Pick

Glucocerebrosidase → Glucocerebroside



Gaucher

Galactocerebrosidase → Galactocerebrosides



Peripheral Neuropathy

Krabbe

α -Galactosidase A → Trihexodase



Fabry*

Hexosaminidase A → Ganglioside GM2



Cherry Red Macula

Tay Sachs

Sphingomyelinase → Sphingomyelin



Niemann Pick

Hexosaminidase A → Ganglioside GM2



Tay Sachs

Neurodegeneration

Alrylsulfatase A → Sulfatides



Metachromatic Leuko.